

NS 102 Lecture 11

The Well Tempered Cosmology Class

Open:

Brandenberg Concerto #6 in B^b major BWV 1051 J. S. Bach

Close:

We Are All Made of Stars
Moby

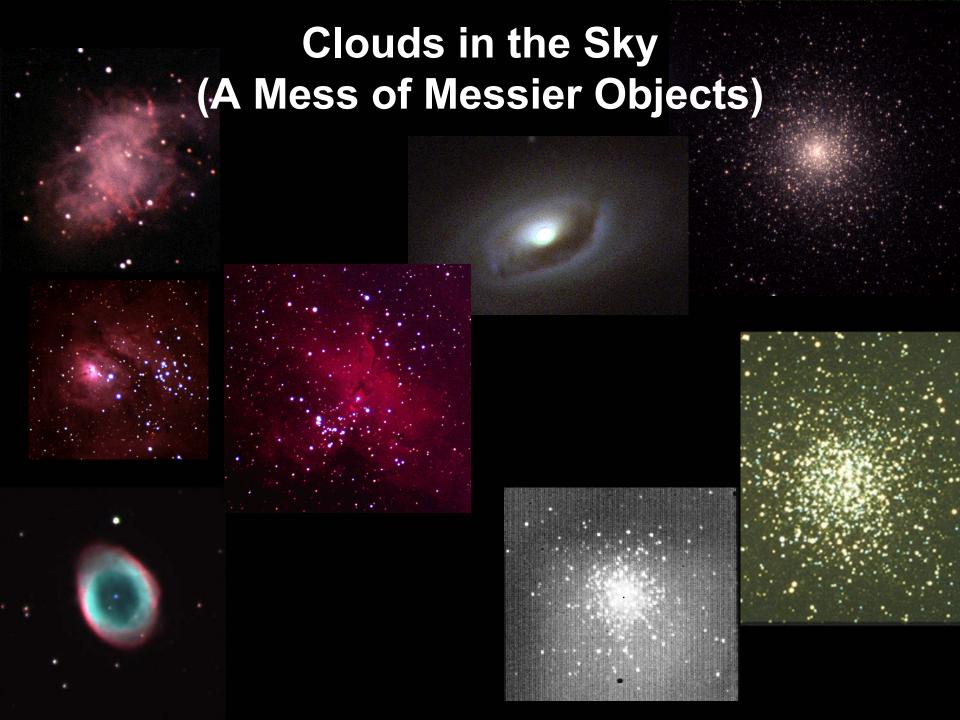
Johann Sebastian Bach (1685-1750)

GnatSigh News (all the news that fits)

- Website http://home.fnal.gov/~rocky/NS102/
- Messier Objects
 http://www.seds.org/messier/
- Today: Shapley-Curtis debate. Shapley-Curtis information at http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/diamond_jubilee/debate.html
- Well tempered <u>http://www.bachfaq1.orgf/welltemp.html</u>
- Original composition "Car horn in A^b "

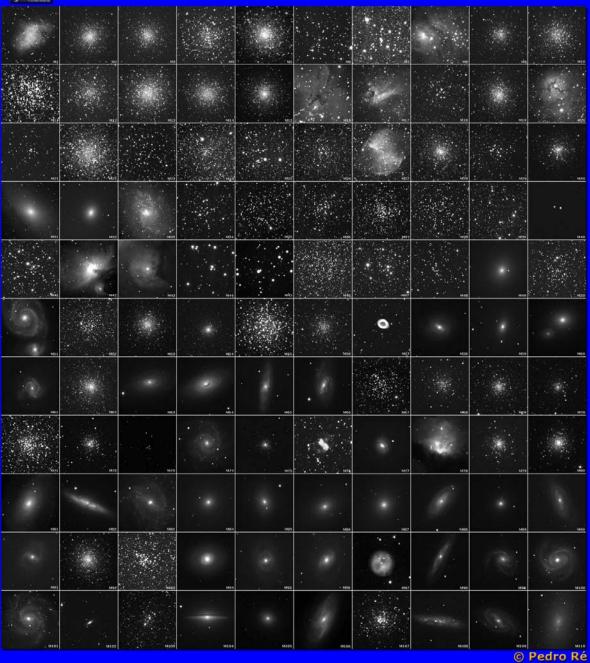
Lab this week: Non-Euclidean Geometry

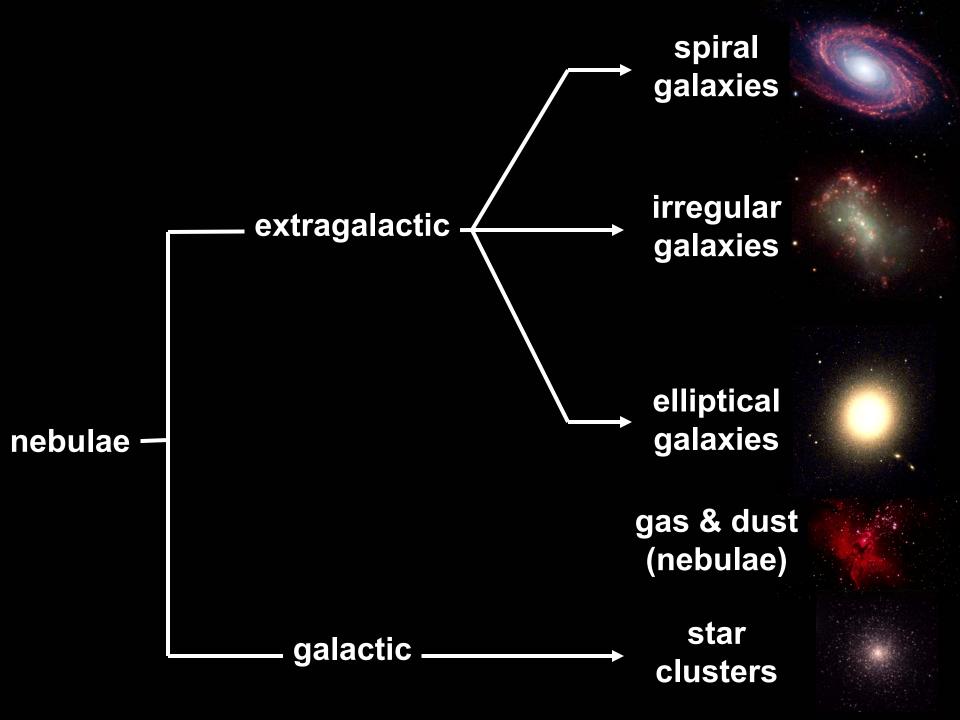
The Cosmological 10 Mpc **Distance Ladder** 10 kpc few kpc ~100 pc (variability) Cepheids nearby stars 1 AU main (variability) RR Lyrae clusters sequence) parallax) (geometry) (geometry) Sun (geometry) Moon 80 clusters Earth





MESSIER CATALOGUE







The composition of the universe

Hubble Ultradeep Field

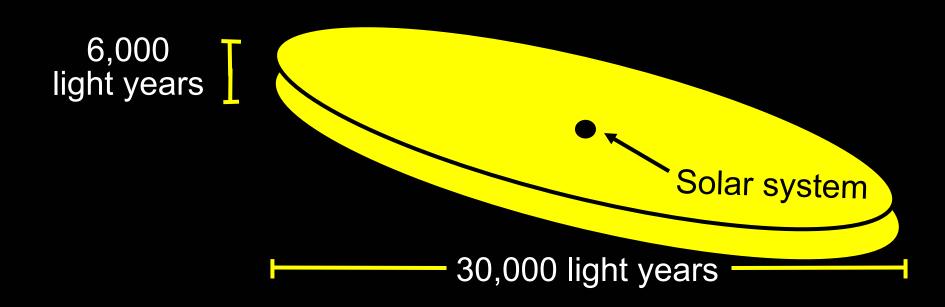
10,000 here ——

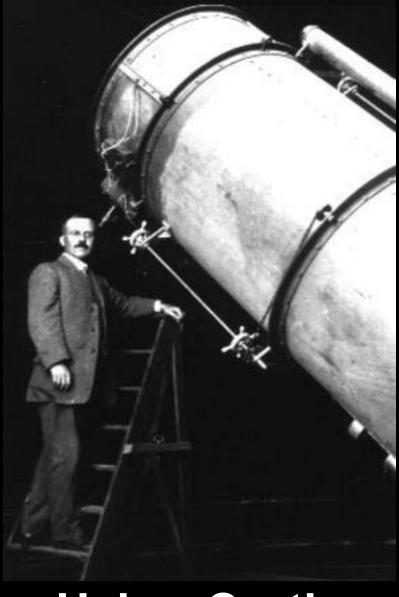
50 thousand million over entire sky



A view of the universe, circa 1905 A.D.

Kapteyn Universe





Heber Curtis 1872 - 1942



Harlow Shapley 1885 - 1972

- 1. Rotation of M101
- 2. Variable stars
- 3. Stars or gas
- 4. Spatial distribution & velocity

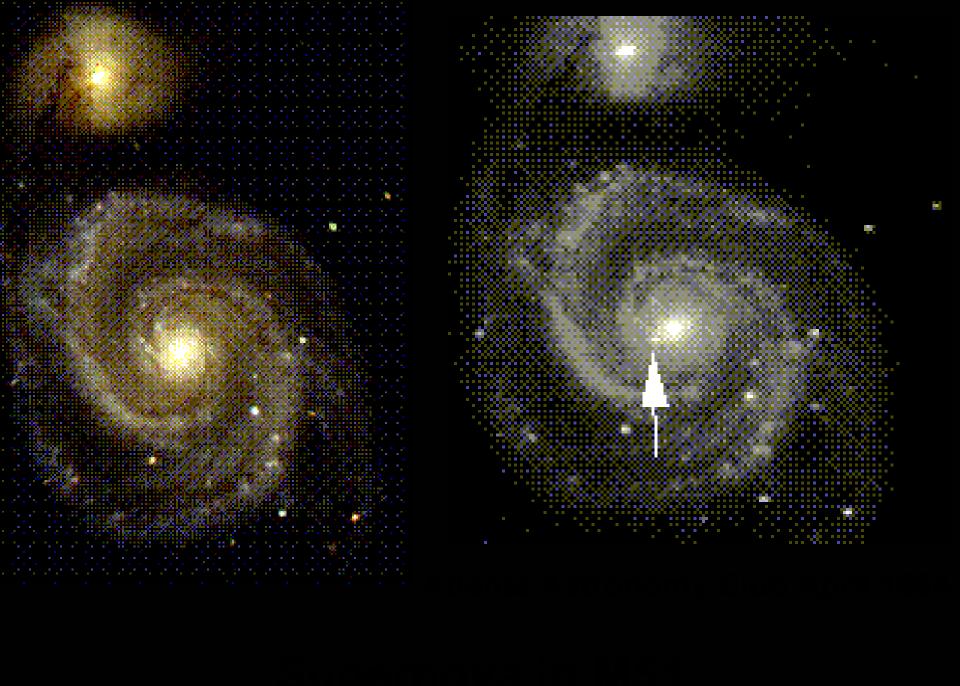


M101

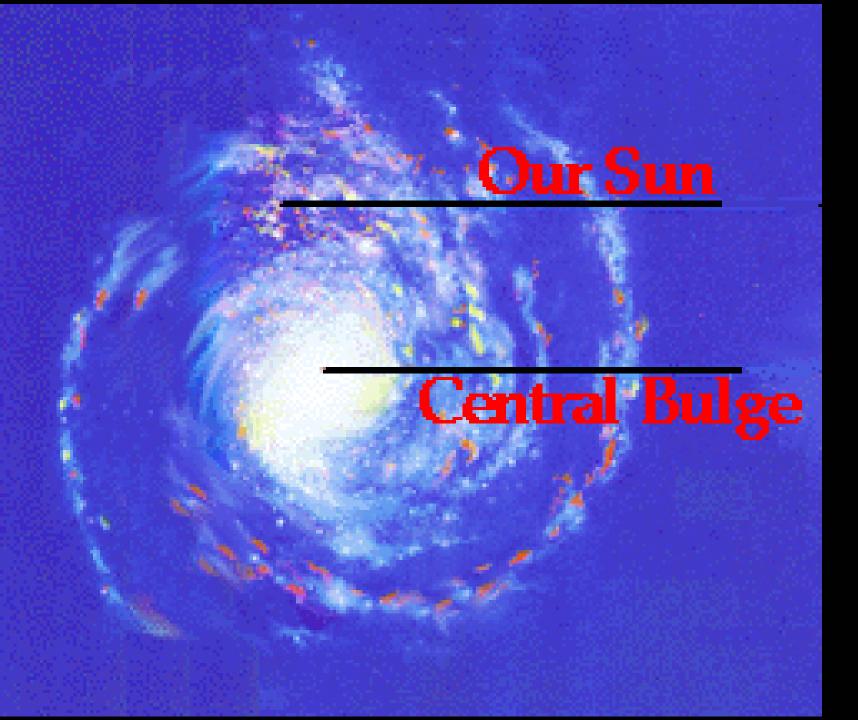
Adriaan van Maanen 1916

M101

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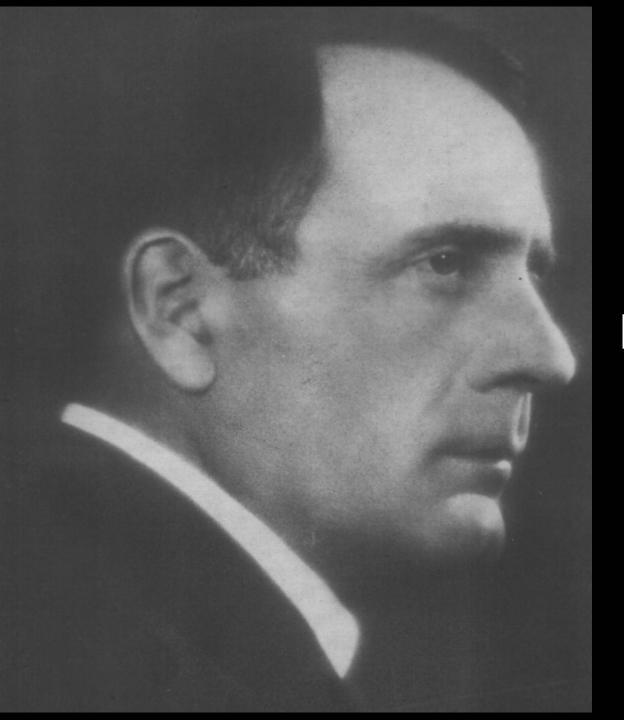


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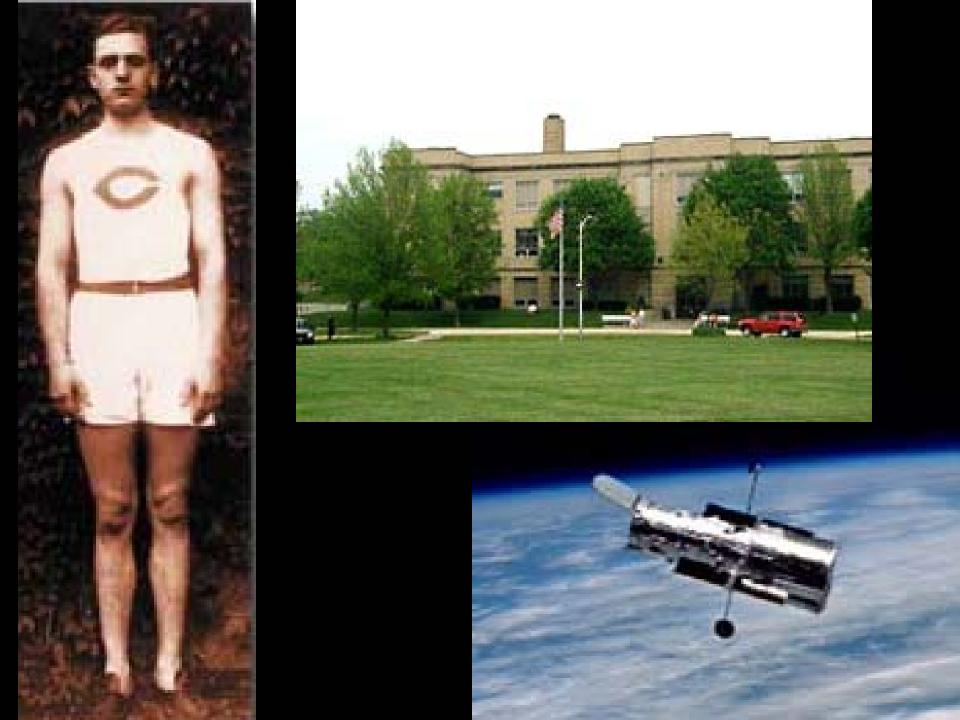




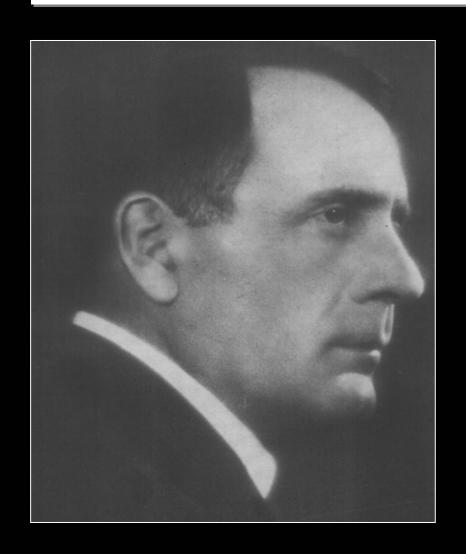
Edwin Hubble 1884 - 1953

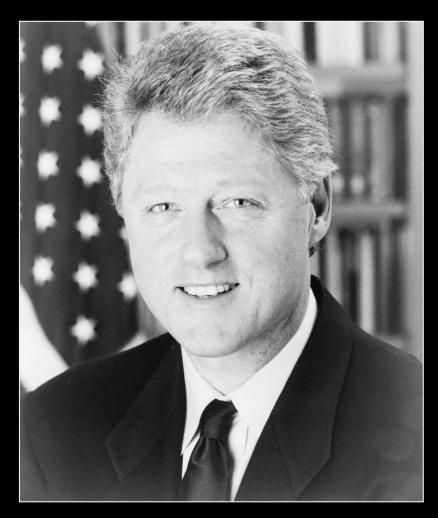


University of Chicago 1909 National Champions



Two famous Rhodes Scholars:

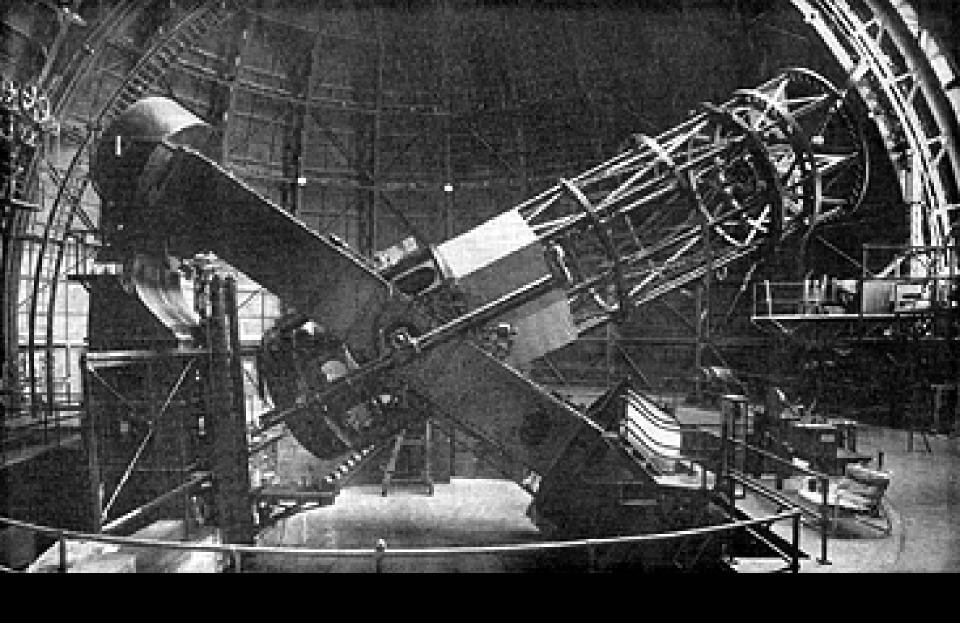




Politics is for the moment; an equation is forever.

A. Einstein





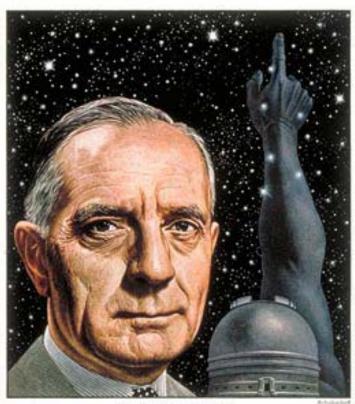
100-inch Hooker Telescope on Mt. Wilson



Hubble's Hooker Chair

TIME

THE WEEKLY NEWSMAGAZINE



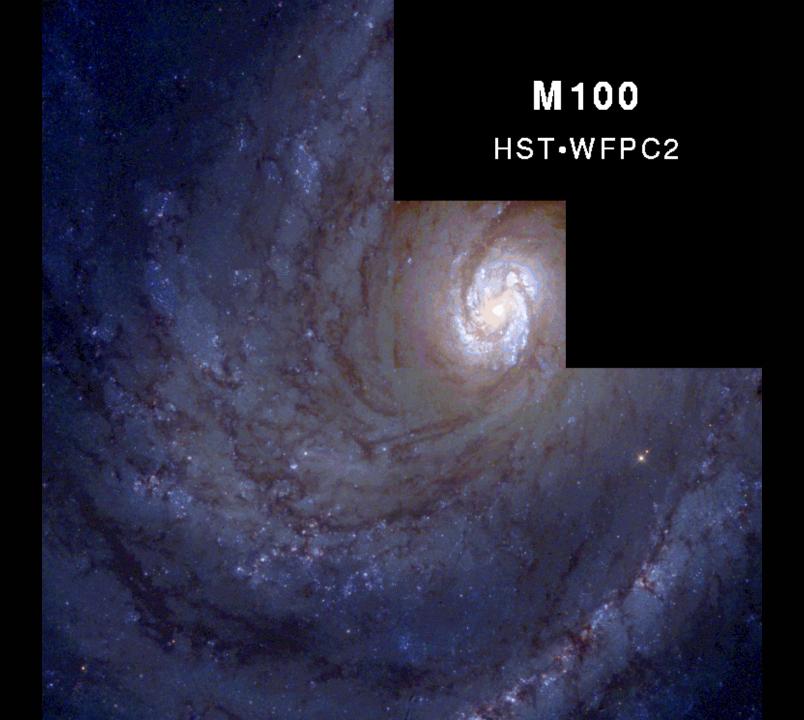
ASTRONOMER HUBBLE Will Palemae's 200 inch eye ser an exploding universe? (Science)





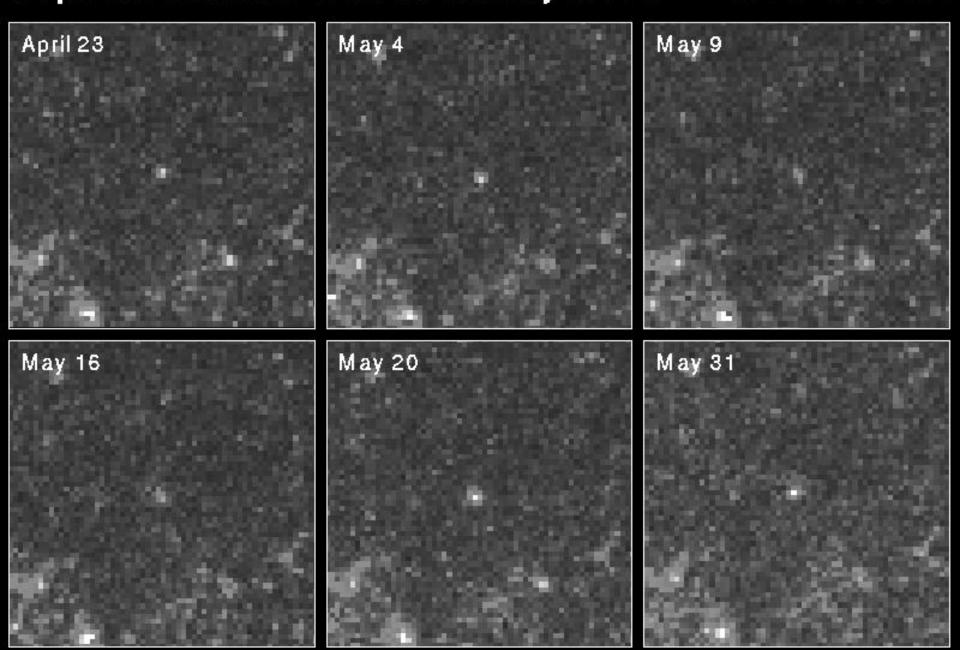
6-0ct 1923

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Cepheid Variable Star in Galaxy M100

HST-WFPC2



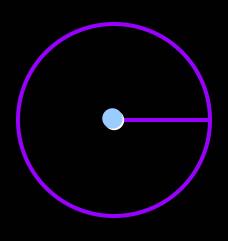


Control (Little)

Equipment Guide



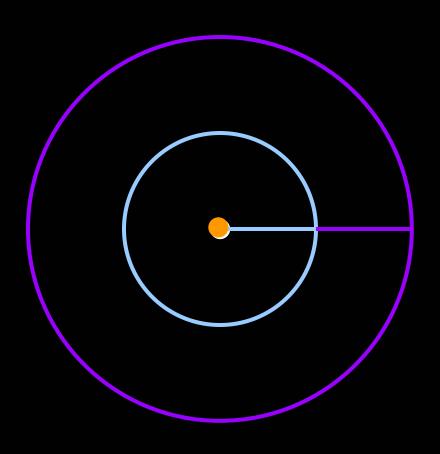
$$t = \Delta t$$



c = velocity of wave $\Delta t = time difference$

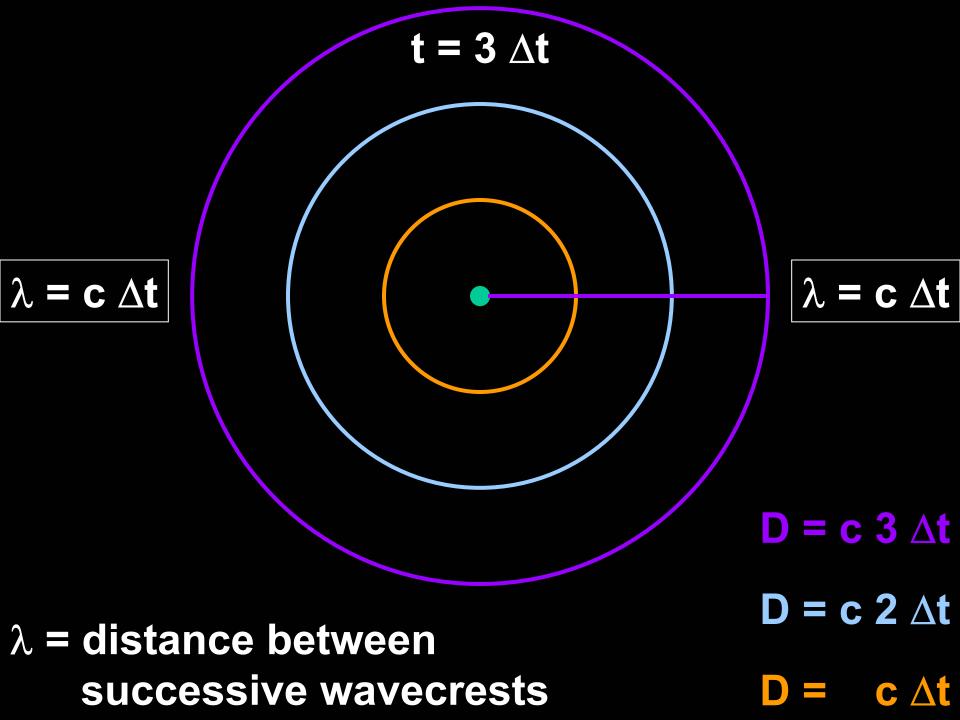
$$D = c \Delta t$$

$$t = 2 \Delta t$$

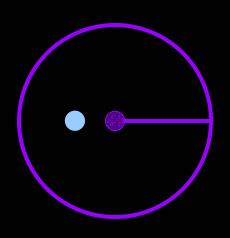


$$D = c 2 \Delta t$$

$$D = c \Delta t$$



$$tt = \Delta t$$

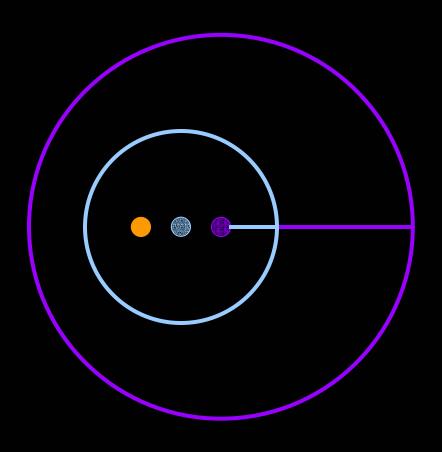


$$d = v \Delta t$$



$$D = c \Delta t$$

$$t = 2 \Delta t$$

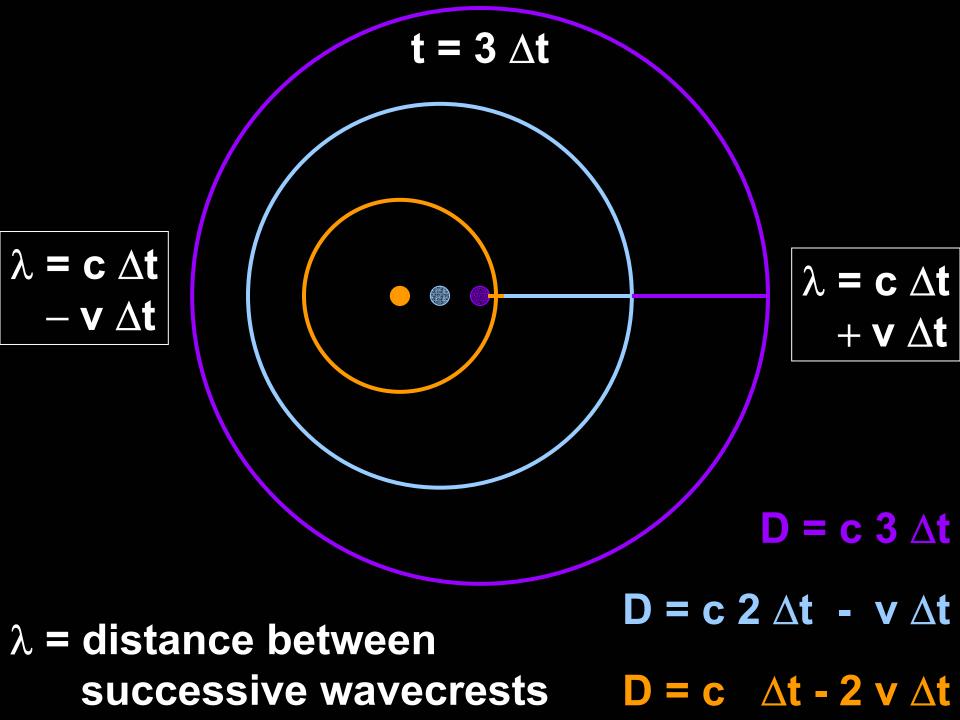


 $d = v \Delta t$



 $D = c 2 \Delta t$

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{c} \quad \Delta \mathbf{t} - \mathbf{v} \, \Delta \mathbf{t}$$



$$\lambda = c \Delta t \pm v \Delta t$$

$$c \Delta t = \lambda_0$$

$$\Longrightarrow$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_0 \pm v \Delta t$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{\lambda_0}{c}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$\Delta t = \frac{\lambda_0}{c} \qquad \Rightarrow \qquad \lambda = \lambda_0 \pm \frac{\mathbf{v}}{c} \lambda_0$$

$$\left| \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_0} = 1 \pm \frac{\mathbf{v}}{c} \right|$$

Frequency

$$c \Delta t = \lambda_0$$

$$\frac{1}{\Delta t} = \text{frequency} = v_0$$

$$\frac{c}{v_0} = \lambda_0 \qquad \frac{c}{v} = \lambda$$

$$\frac{\lambda}{\lambda_0} = \frac{\nu_0}{\nu}$$